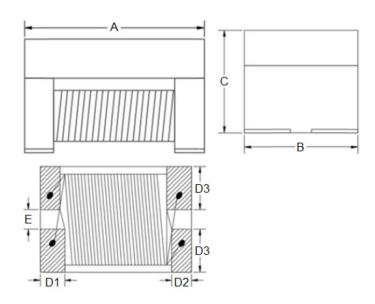
1. Part No. Expression

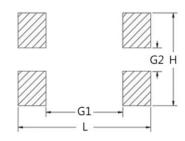
WAQ 7 F NT101 - R D - 10

- (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h)
- (a) Series Code
- (b) Dimension Code
- (c) Material Code
- (d) Type Code

- (e) Inductance Code
- (f) Packaging Code
- (g) Current Code
- (h) Internal Code

2. Configuration & Dimensions (Unit: mm)



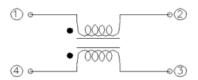


Recommended PCB Layout

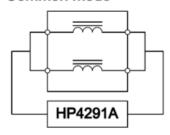
Note: The above PCB layout reference only.

Α	В	С	D1	D2	D3
4.60±0.20	3.20±0.20	2.90±0.15	0.75±0.20	0.60±0.20	1.30±0.20
Е	L	Н	G1	G2	-
0.60±0.20	5.00 Ref	3.20 Ref	3.50 Ref	0.90 Ref	-

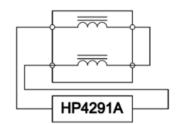
3. Schematic



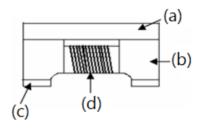
Common mode



Differential mode



4. Material List



- (a) Upper Plate
- (b) Core
- (c) Terminal
- (d) Wire

5. General Specifications

- (a) Reliability test for this part meets AEC-Q200 standard.
- (b) Operating Temp.: 40°C to + 125°C (including self-temperature rise)
- (c) Storage Temp.: 40°C to +125°C (on board)
- (d) All test data referenced to 25°C ambient.
- (e) Irms: Based on temperature rise ΔT 20°C Max at rated current < 1A and ΔT 40°C Max at rated current ≥1A
- (f) Storage Condition (Component in its packaging)

i) Temperature: Less than 40°C

ii) Humidity: Less than 60% RH



6. Electrical Characteristics

Part Number	Inductano (uH) Typ	D(DCR (Ω) Rated Current (mA) Max Max 10-1			Insertion loss Max		Return Loss (Min) (Z OUT=100Ω±1%)			,	
	[0.1V/100K	Hz]			00MHz	100)-400MHz	30-80MF	lz 200M	Hz	400MHz	
	100	4	.2	100	-1.	0 dB	•	-1.7 dB	-22 dB	-17 d	dΒ	-15 dB
WAQ7FNT101-RD-10	Common To Common- Mode Rejection (Min)					Common To Differential- Mode Rejection (Min)				Turns Ratio and Polarity		
	30-80MHz	200MHz	400MHz	1000	MHz	10-30M	1Hz	100MHz	200MHz	1000MHz		Folanty
	-45 dB	-35 dB	-32 dB	-25	dB	-60 d	В	-47 dB	-40 dB	-38 dB)±2%, PER HEMATIC

Part No	umber	(uH)	Inductance (uH) (Ω)		Current (mA)				Insertion loss Max		Return Loss (Z OUT=100		` ,		
)KHz] N	Max I		Max	100) KHz	1-60	MHz	1-10N	ЛНz	30MH	z	60MHz
		160	Ę	5.0	10	00	-0	.5 dB	-1.0	0 dB	-26	dB	-21.1	dΒ	-18 dB
WAQ7FNT ⁻	161-RA-10	Common To Common- Mode Rejection (Min)					Common To Differential- Mode Rejection (Min)					Т	urns Ratio and Polarity		
	1 MHz	10-100MHz	400M	IHz	1000N	ЛНz	1-10	MHz	1001	MHz	100	00MHz	,		
	-23 dB	-42 dB	B -25 dB -15 d			dB	-70	dB	-50	dB	-2	24 dB		0±2%, PER CHEMATIC	

 ${\color{red} {NOTE:}} \ Specifications \ subject \ to \ change \ without \ notice. \ Please \ check \ our \ website \ for \ latest \ information.$



7. Soldering Specification

Mildly activated rosin fluxes are preferred. Our terminations are suitable for re-flow soldering systems. If hand soldering cannot be avoided, the preferred technique is the utilization of hot air soldering tools.

7-1. IR Soldering Reflow

Recommended temperature profiles for lead free re-flow soldering in Figure 1, Table 1.1 & 1.2 (J-STD-020E).

7-2. Iron Reflow

Products attachment with a soldering iron is discouraged due to the inherent process control limitations. In the event that a soldering iron must be employed the following precautions are recommended (Figure 2).

Note:

- (a) Preheat circuit and products to 150°C.
- (b) 355°C tip temperature (Max.)
- (c) Never contact the ceramic with the iron tip
- (d) 1.0mm tip diameter (Max.)
- (e) Use a 20 watt soldering iron with tip diameter of 1.0mm
- (f) Limit soldering time to 4~5 sec.

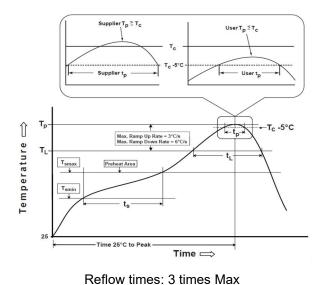
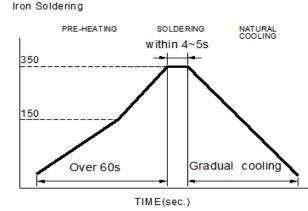


Figure 1: IR Soldering Reflow



Iron Soldering times: 1 times max.

Soldering iron method: 350±5°C Max

Figure 2: Iron soldering temperature profiles

NOTE: Specifications subject to change without notice. Please check our website for latest information.



TEMPERATURE(C)

Table (1.1) Reflow Profiles

Profile Type:	Pb-Free Assembly	
Preheat		
-Temperature Min (T _{smin})	150°C	
-Temperature Max (T _{smax})	200°C	
-Time (t _s) from (T _{smin} to T _{smax})	60-120seconds	
Ramp-up rate (T _L to T _p)	3°C /second max.	
Liquids temperature (T _L)	217°C	
Time (t∟) maintained above T∟	60-150 seconds	
Classification temperature (T _c)	See Table (1.2)	
Time (t _p) at Tc- 5°C (Tp should be equal to or less than Tc.)	*< 30 seconds	
Ramp-down rate (T _p to T _L)	6°C /second max.	
Time 25°C to peak temperature	8 minutes max.	

Tp: maximum peak package body temperature, **Tc**: the classification temperature.

For user (customer) **Tp** should be equal to or less than **Tc**.

Table (1.2) Package Thickness/Volume and Classification Temperature (T_c)

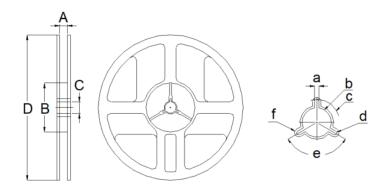
	Package	Volume mm ³	Volume mm ³	Volume
	Thickness	<350	350-2000	mm³ >2000
PB-Free	<1.6mm	260°C	260°C	260°C
	1.6-2.5mm	260°C	250°C	245°C
Assembly	≥2.5mm	250°C	245°C	245°C

Reflow is referred to standard IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020E.

^{*}Tolerance for peak profile temperature (Tp) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

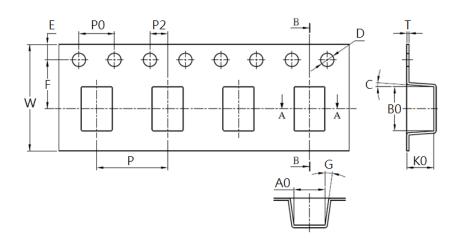
8. Packaging Information

8-1. Reel Dimension (Unit: mm)



Туре	А	В	С	D	а
7"x12mm	13.5±0.5	60.0±2.0	13.5±0.5	178.0±2.0	2.0±0.5
b	С	d	е	f	-
13.5±0.5	R10.5	R0.5	120°	R1.9	-

8-2. Tape Dimension (Unit: mm)



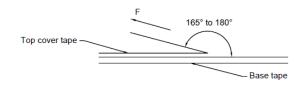
Р	P0	P2	В0	A0	K0	D
8.00±0.10	4.00±0.10	2.00±0.05	4.90±0.10	3.60±0.10	3.00±0.10	1.05+0.10/-0.00
Е	F	W	Т	С	G	-
1.75±0.10	5.50±0.05	12.00±0.10	0.26±0.05	4°	8°	-



8-3. Packaging Quantity (Unit: Pcs)

Chip/ Reel	500
Inner Box	2,000
Middle Box	10,000
Carton	20,000

8-4. Tearing Off Force



The force for tearing off cover tape is according to the follow table, in the arrow direction under the following conditions.

(Referenced ANSI/EIA-481-D-2008 of 4.11 standard)

Room Temp. (°C)	Room Humidity (%)	Room atm (hPa)	Tearing Speed (mm/min)
5~35	45~85	860~1060	300±10

Tape Size	8 mm	12 to 56 mm	72 mm or Wider
Tearing Off Force (grams)	10~100	10~130	10~150

Application Notice

1. Storage Conditions

To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes:

- (a) Recommended products should be used within 12 months from the time of delivery.
- (b) The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.

2. Transportation

- (a) Products should be handled with care to avoid damage or contamination from perspiration and skin oils.
- (b) Vacuum pick up is strongly recommended for individual components.
- (c) Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized.

