## 1. Part No. Expression

## PNS 50201R0 Y Y F

- (a)
- (b)
- (c) (d) (e) (f)
- (a) Series Code

- (d) Tolerance Code
- (b) Dimension Code

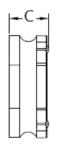
(e) Special Code

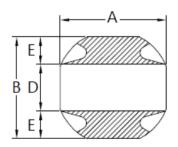
(c) Inductance Code

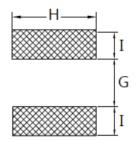
(f) Packaging Code

# 2. Configuration & Dimensions (Unit: mm)









Recommended PCB Layout

Note: 1. The above PCB layout reference only.

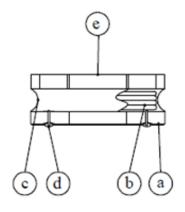
2. Marking: Inductance Code

А	В	С	D	E	G	Н	I
5.00±0.20	4.90±0.20	2.00 Max	2.20 Typ	1.35 Typ	2.20 Ref	5.50 Ref	1.50 Ref

#### 3. Schematic



### 4. Material List

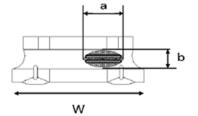


- (a) Core
- (b) Wire
- (c) Adhesive
- (d) Terminal
- (e) Ink

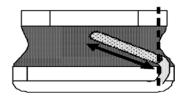
Void appearance tolerance limit & size of voids occurring to coating resin is specified below.

Exposed wire tolerance limit of coating resin part on product side.

Size of exposed wire occurring to coating resin is specified below:



- Width direction (dimension a): Acceptable when a ≤ w/2;
  Nonconforming when a>w/2
- 2. Length direction (dimension b): Dimension b is not specified
- 3. The total area of exposed wire occurring to each side is not greater than 50% of coating resin area and is acceptable



External appearance criterion for exposed wire.

Exposed end of the winding wire at the secondary side should be 2mm and below.



## 5. General Specifications

(a) Operating Temp.: -40°C to +125°C (including self-temperature rise)

(b) Storage Temp.: -40°C to +125°C (on board)

(c) All test data referenced to 25°C ambient.

(d) Heat Rated Current (Irms) will cause the coil temperature rise approximately ΔT of 40°C.

(e) Saturation Current (Isat) will cause inductance L0 to drop 30% Max.

(f) Rated Current: The lower value of Isat and Irms.

(g) Storage Condition (Component in its packaging)

i) Temperature: Less than 40°Cii) Humidity: Less than 60% RH

### 6. Electrical Characteristics

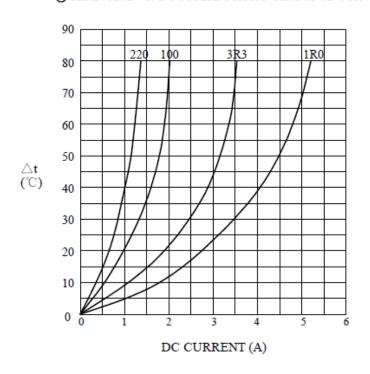
Part Number	Inductance (µH) @0A	Test Frequency	DCR (mΩ) ±20%	Isat (A)	Irms (A)	Marking
PNS50201R0YYF	1.00	0.1V/100KHz	21.0	4.00	3.60	1R0
PNS50201R5YYF	1.50	0.1V/100KHz	26.0	3.40	3.20	1R5
PNS50202R2YYF	2.20	0.1V/100KHz	35.0	2.90	2.90	2R2
PNS50203R3YYF	3.30	0.1V/100KHz	48.0	2.40	2.40	3R3
PNS50204R7MYF	4.70	0.1V/100KHz	75.0	2.00	2.00	4R7
PNS50206R8MYF	6.80	0.1V/100KHz	100.0	1.60	1.65	6R8
PNS5020100MYF	10.0	0.1V/100KHz	160.0	1.30	1.45	100
PNS5020150MYF	15.0	0.1V/100KHz	250.0	1.10	1.20	150
PNS5020220MYF	22.0	0.1V/100KHz	370.0	0.90	1.00	220

Tolerance Code: M=±20%, Y=±30%



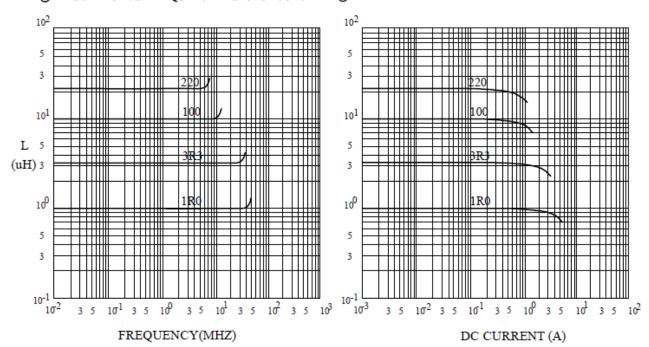
### 7. Characteristic Curves

#### @ TEMP. RISE VS. DC SUPERPOSITION RESPONSE CURVE



#### @ INDUCTANCE VS. FREQUENCY RESPONSE CURVE @ IN

## @ INDUCTANCE VS. DC SUPERPOSITION RESPONSE CURVE





## 8. Soldering Specification

Mildly activated rosin fluxes are preferred. Our terminations are suitable for re-flow soldering systems. If hand soldering cannot be avoided, the preferred technique is the utilization of hot air soldering tools.

#### 8-1. IR Soldering Reflow

Recommended temperature profiles for lead free re-flow soldering in Figure 1, Table 1.1 & 1.2 (J-STD-020E).

#### 8-2. Iron Reflow

Products attachment with a soldering iron is discouraged due to the inherent process control limitations. In the event that a soldering iron must be employed the following precautions are recommended (Figure 2).

#### Note:

- (a) Preheat circuit and products to 150°C.
- (b) 355°C tip temperature (Max.)
- (c) Never contact the ceramic with the iron tip
- (d) 1.0mm tip diameter (Max.)
- (e) Use a 20 watt soldering iron with tip diameter of 1.0mm
- (f) Limit soldering time to 4~5 sec.

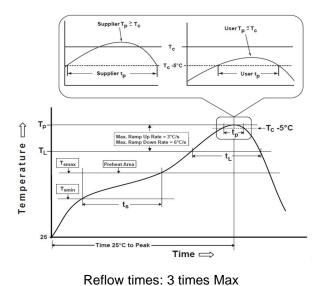
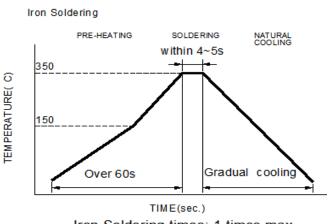


Figure 1: IR Soldering Reflow



Iron Soldering times: 1 times max.

Soldering iron method: 350±5°C Max

Figure 2: Iron soldering temperature profiles



Table (1.1) Reflow Profiles

Profile Type:	Pb-Free Assembly	
Preheat		
-Temperature Min (T <sub>smin</sub> )	150°C	
-Temperature Max (T <sub>smax</sub> )	200°C	
-Time $(t_s)$ from $(T_{smin} \text{ to } T_{smax})$	60-120seconds	
Ramp-up rate (T <sub>L</sub> to T <sub>p</sub> )	3°C /second max.	
Liquids temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	217°C	
Time (t <sub>L</sub> ) maintained above T <sub>L</sub>	60-150 seconds	
Classification temperature (Tc)	See Table (1.2)	
Time (t <sub>p</sub> ) at Tc- 5°C (Tp should be equal to or less than Tc.)	*< 30 seconds	
Ramp-down rate (T <sub>p</sub> to T <sub>L</sub> )	6°C /second max.	
Time 25°C to peak temperature	8 minutes max.	

**Tp**: maximum peak package body temperature, **Tc**: the classification temperature.

For user (customer) **Tp** should be equal to or less than **Tc.** 

Table (1.2) Package Thickness/Volume and Classification Temperature (T<sub>c</sub>)

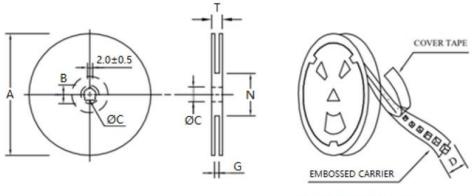
	Package	Volume mm <sup>3</sup>	Volume mm <sup>3</sup>	Volume
	Thickness	<350	350-2000	mm³ >2000
PB-Free	<1.6mm	260°C	260°C	260°C
	1.6-2.5mm	260°C	250°C	245°C
Assembly	≥2.5mm	250°C	245°C	245°C

Reflow is referred to standard IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020E.

<sup>\*</sup>Tolerance for peak profile temperature (Tp) is defined as a supplier minimum and a user maximum.

## 9. Packaging Information

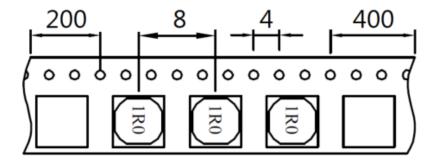
## 9-1. Reel Dimension (Unit: mm)



**XCARRIER TAPE WIDTH: D** 

Туре	А	В	С	D	G	N	Т
13"x12mm	330.0	21.0±0.8	13.0±0.5	12.0	14.0 Max	50.0 Min	18.4

### 9-2. Tape Dimension (Unit: mm)

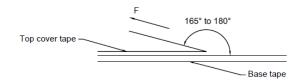


### 9-3. Packaging Quantity (Unit: Pcs)

Chip/ Reel	3,000	
Carton	48,000	



### 9-4. Tearing Off Force



The force for tearing off cover tape is according to the follow table, in the arrow direction under the following conditions.

(Referenced ANSI/EIA-481-D-2008 of 4.11 standard)

Room Temp. (°C)	Room Humidity (%)	Room atm (hPa)	Tearing Speed (mm/min)	
5~35	45~85	860~1060	300±10	

Tape Size	8 mm	12 to 56 mm	72 mm or Wider
Tearing Off Force (grams)	10~100	10~130	10~150

## **Application Notice**

#### 1. Storage Conditions

To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes:

- (a) Recommended products should be used within 12 months from the time of delivery.
- (b) The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.

#### 2. Transportation

- (a) Products should be handled with care to avoid damage or contamination from perspiration and skin oils.
- (b) Vacuum pick up is strongly recommended for individual components.
- (c) Bulk handling should ensure that abrasion and mechanical shock are minimized.